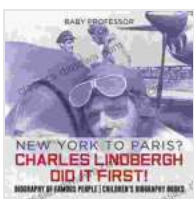


New York to Paris: Charles Lindbergh Did It First



On May 20, 1927, Charles Lindbergh took off from Roosevelt Field in New York and embarked on a solo flight across the Atlantic Ocean. He landed in Paris 33 hours and 30 minutes later, becoming the first person to fly nonstop from one continent to another.



New York to Paris? Charles Lindbergh Did It First! Biography of Famous People | Children's Biography

Books by Baby Professor

★★★★☆ 4 out of 5

Language : English
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Print length: 64 pages



Lindbergh's flight was a remarkable achievement that captured the imagination of the world. It was a triumph of human ingenuity and a testament to the power of determination.

In this biography, we will explore the life and career of Charles Lindbergh, and we will take a closer look at his historic transatlantic flight.

Early Life and Career

Charles Lindbergh was born on February 4, 1902, in Detroit, Michigan. His father was a lawyer, and his mother was a teacher. Lindbergh developed a passion for flying at an early age, and he built his first airplane when he was just 14 years old.

After graduating from high school, Lindbergh attended the University of Wisconsin for one year before dropping out to pursue his dream of becoming a pilot. He received his pilot's license in 1923, and he quickly gained a reputation as a skilled and daring aviator.

In 1926, Lindbergh won the Orteig Prize, a \$25,000 award for the first person to fly nonstop from New York to Paris. He prepared for the flight for months, and he meticulously planned every detail.

The Transatlantic Flight

On May 20, 1927, Lindbergh took off from Roosevelt Field in New York in his plane, The Spirit of St. Louis. The plane was a single-engine, single-seat monoplane that Lindbergh had built specifically for the flight.

The flight was a long and dangerous journey. Lindbergh flew through bad weather, and he had to constantly battle fatigue. However, he never gave up, and he eventually made it to Paris on May 21.

Lindbergh's flight was a huge success, and it made him a national hero. He was welcomed back to the United States with a ticker-tape parade in New York City.

Later Life and Career

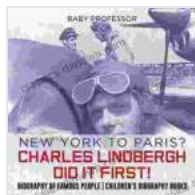
After his transatlantic flight, Lindbergh continued to fly and promote aviation. He wrote several books about flying, and he served as a consultant to the United States Air Force.

During World War II, Lindbergh worked for the United States government as a military advisor. After the war, he retired from flying and became a farmer.

Lindbergh died on August 26, 1974, at the age of 72. He is remembered as one of the greatest aviators in history, and his transatlantic flight remains one of the most remarkable achievements in human history.

Charles Lindbergh was a true pioneer of aviation. His transatlantic flight was a major turning point in the history of human transportation, and it helped to usher in the age of commercial aviation.

Lindbergh was a courageous, determined, and innovative aviator, and his legacy continues to inspire aviators and adventurers around the world.



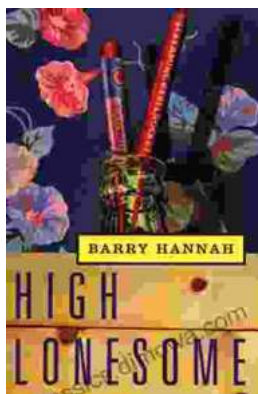
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